

Western Lake Erie Harmful Algal Bloom Early Season Projection

17 June 2020, Projection 06



The severity of the western Lake Erie cyanobacterial harmful algal bloom (HAB) depends on input of bioavailable phosphorus from the Maume River during the loading season (March 1-July 31). This product gives an estimate of potential bloom severity based on a combination of measurements and forecasts of river discharge and phosphorus loads from now into July. These projections will be updated with new data and weather models through next week. A NOAA seasonal Lake Erie HAB Forecast will be issued on July 9th, using measured spring phosphorus loads, and a more complete set of bloom models.



The projection has not changed from last week. We continue to project that the bloom will be smaller than last year (severity of 7.5), with a likely severity between 3 and 5, and a potential severity of up to 6. We do not expect substantial rainfall events over the next several weeks. Any bloom that develops will change with time and move with the wind; we will provide information on the presence and location of the bloom throughout the summer.

Total bioavailable phosphorus (TBP) is the sum of dissolved phosphorus and the portion of particulate phosphorus available for HAB development. The TBP loads are projected based on Heidelberg University data, river forecasts from the National Weather Service Ohio River Forecast Center (through early July), and previous years to the end of July.

Stumpf, Noel (NOAA), Johnson (Heidelberg University) with assistance from Davenport and Tomlinson (NOAA).

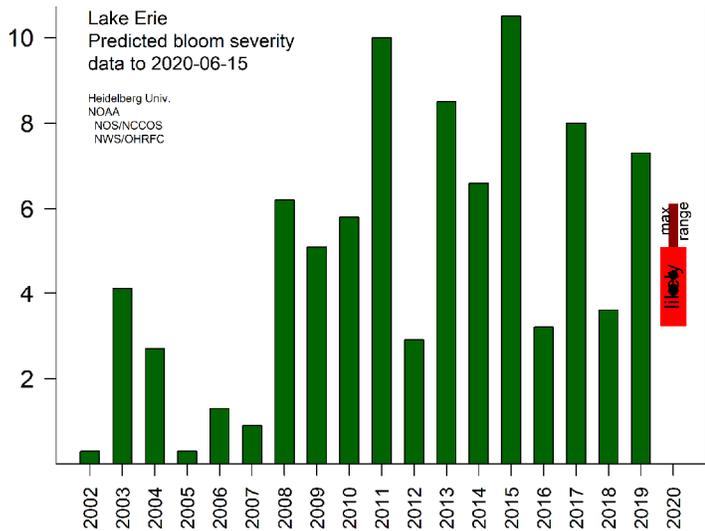


Figure 1. Projected bloom compared to previous years. The wide bar is the likely range of severity based on limits of model uncertainty. The narrow bar is the potential range of severity. Because the forecast uses modeled discharge for a month, there is uncertainty in maximum bloom severity.

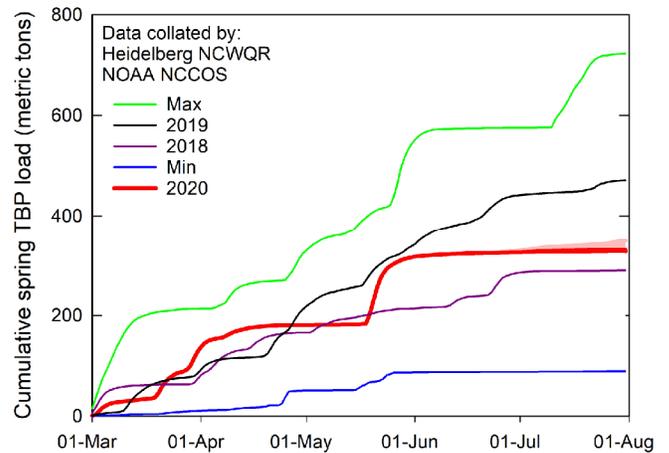


Figure 2. Cumulative total bioavailable phosphorus (TBP) loads for the Maume River (based on Waterville). Each line denotes a different year. 2020 is in red, the solid line is the measured load to June, 15 the red area shows the likely range for the remainder of the loading season, and the light red shows the possible range.

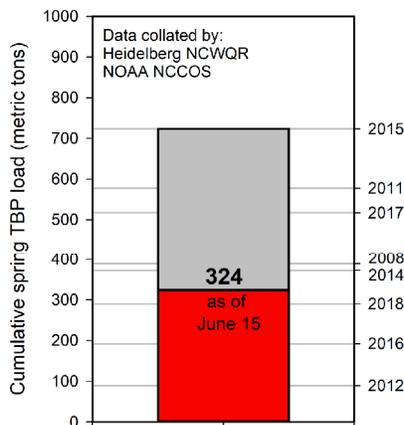


Figure 3. Total bioavailable phosphorus (TBP) load accumulated from the Maume River near Waterville to date. The right axis denotes the TBP load from selected previous years. Loads to date are slightly larger than seen in 2018.



Figure 4. True color image on 16 June 2020 derived from the Copernicus Sentinel-3b satellite.